# Product catalogue 2018–2019





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# About PiezoMotor

PiezoMotor is a world-leading developer and producer of groundbreaking micromotors based on piezoelectric materials. The technology enables compact motors with high precision and true direct drive. The objective is to move and hold position.

At our headquarters in Sweden, we have our own development and production facility. We have a solid patent portfolio with more than 60 patents. The PiezoMotor share is traded at Nasdaq First North in Stockholm.



# PiezoMotor solutions



# World-leading engineering

- Adjust our solution to fit your design
- Close contact during your implementation



# **Partners of excellence**

- System integrators
- Technology consultants
- Sales partners / Distributors



### Supporting software

- Easy interface
- Download free software



## **Tailor-made controllers**

- Stand-alone
- Packaged
- License of design

When you buy from PiezoMotor you get more than just a motor. Our expert engineers are ready to help you get started. We offer standard motors in various sizes and strokes. We are happy to help you select suitable position sensors as well as provide guidance to, or customization of, the mechanical interface of the motor. Our experienced mechanical and electronic designers will help you throughout the process. If standard is not enough, we have a broad network of system integrators and technical consultants who can help you integrate the motor in your motion system.

With our free software that can be downloaded from our website, it is easy to get started testing the motor. We offer drive electronics and the possibility to buy the design of schematics so that you can create your own circuit board with customized connectors and form factor.

# About the technology

# The piezoelectric effect

The word piezo is derived from the Greek word for pressure. In 1880 Jacques and Pierre Curie discovered that pressure generates electrical charges in several crystals such as quartz and tournaline; they called this phenomenon the piezoelectric effect. Later they noticed that electrical fields can deform piezoelectric materials. This effect is called the inverse piezoelectric effect.



PiezoMotor technology enables:





- Piezo LEGS® can easily position on a sub-micron level, or even down to subnanometers. The resolution depends on the electronics; the limiting factor is not the motor itself. With the possibility to microstep down to sub-nanometer, you can achieve a truly smooth motion.
- A controlled linear motion without backlash is accomplished without the need of gearboxes or ball screws – the motor responds instantly. The true direct drive enables a combination of high precision and a dynamic speed range. Piezo LEGS<sup>®</sup> is self-locking and will hold load even when powered off.
- The drive unit in the Piezo LEGS® is non-magnetic. This enables motor designs suitable for high-magnetic environments or where magnetic disturbance is an issue.
- The motor has a compact design which fits perfectly in OEM applications.

# How it works

# The system

To run a piezo motor you need electronics, as in all modern motion control. The core of the motor is a multi-layer piezo ceramic, a component with high performance at low voltage. By applying controlled electrical voltage to the ceramic, a linear or rotary motion is created. To keep control of the position, an encoder is required. The resolution of the system depends on both the encoder resolution and the electronics resolution.



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1 All four legs are electrically activated.



2 The first pair of legs maintains contact with the rod and moves right. The second pair retracts. Their tips bend left.



3 The second pair now extends and repositions on the rod. Their tips move right. The first pair retracts and their tips bend left.



4 The second pair of legs moves right. The first pair begins to extend and move up towards the rod.

One of the greatest advantages of piezo-based systems is the combination of high precision and quick response time without increasing cost of the system.

A piezo motor-based system has a true direct drive, meaning that the object to be moved is directly connected to the piezoceramic actuator legs in the motor via the drive rod of the motor. This has the important advantage of giving no backlash, quick response time, and high resolution. This enables short cycle times in repeated move-and-settle applications reducing overall processing time.

# The motor

Piezo LEGS® work with friction drive, where force is created by the internal preload of the piezoceramic actuator legs in direct friction contact with the rotor or drive rod. When the legs start walking, they are always in mechanical contact with the drive rod.



# The electronics

A controlled motion is created by applying voltage signals to the ceramics. The step length depends on the load as shown in the figure below. One full step can be divided into several thousands of microsteps. The length of a microstep reaches down to sub-nanometer level.

# Waveform optimized for high microstep resolution

A microstep = a fraction of the waveform (full step); e.g. 8192 microsteps per waveform.



1 microstep, less than 1 nm



Motion is load-dependent. The step length will vary with the load, impacting both speed and resolution.

# Motor characteristics

In this catalogue you will find detailed information about the standard products from PiezoMotor. Piezo LEGS® are non-resonant walking motors; in several aspects quite different from DC or stepper motors. A Piezo LEGS® motor is friction based, meaning the motion is transferred through contact friction between the drive leg and the drive rod/disc. You cannot rely on each step being equal to the next. This is especially true if the motor is operated under varying loads. For each waveform cycle of the drive signal, the motor will take one full step, sometimes referred to as a waveform step (wfm-step). There is dependence between the external load on the motor and the full step length. At zero external load, the typical full step length is ~5  $\mu$ m, but as the load is increased, the full step length will be increased in the direction of the external force. The full step length will also depend on the internal piezo temperature and on the type of waveform.

The full step length can be used to calculate the approximate motor speed. Full step length at a given load is multiplied with the frequency of the drive signal waveform.

# Example 1

Waveform type	LL06 motor, no load, 2000 full steps per second
Rhomb	~7 µm x 2 kHz = ~14 mm/s
Delta	~4.5 µm x 2 kHz = ~9 mm/s

# Example 2

Waveform type	LT20 motor, 10 N load, 2000 full steps per second
Rhomb	~6.5 µm x 2 kHz = ~13 mm/s
Delta	~4 µm x 2 kHz = ~8 mm/s

Fine positioning is achieved by dividing the full step into discrete points; so called microsteps. The resolution will be a combination of the number of points in the waveform and the external load. For example, a full step of 4  $\mu$ m can be divided into 8192 microsteps that are only ~0.5 nm. The resolution of the motor depends entirely on the controller and how well it can manage the discrete voltage levels of the waveform.



Full step versus external load for an LL06 motor. The filled line shows a typical curve for waveform Rhomb, and the dotted line shows waveform Delta. Values are typical for room temperature, and mean values for the motor type. Statistical spread is not shown.



# Linear motors



		Stall force (N)	Recommended working force (N)	Speed range (mm/s) <sup>a</sup>	Max stroke (mm)	Built-in encoder versions	Vacuum compatible versions (10 <sup>-7</sup> Torr)	Non- magnetic versions
	LL06 (A)	6.5	0-3	0-24	74.1	Optional	No	No
F	LT20 (A/C/D)	20	0-10	0-24	74	No	Yes	Yes
	LT40 (A/C/D)	40	0-20	0-12	67	No	Yes	Yes
ğ	LS15 (B/D)	15	0-8	0-12	130	No	Yes	Yes
Σ	LTC40 (A)	40	0-20	0-12	13	No	No	No
	LTC300 (B)	300	0-150	0-0.3	20	No	Yes	No
	LTC450 (B)	450	0-225	0-0.2	20	No	Yes	No

a. Rhomb, no load, 20°C

		Description
	Α	Standard, stainless steel
<b>b</b> e	В	Vacuum, soldered cable
Ł	С	Non-magnetic
	D	Non-magnetic vacuum



Technical specification LL06				
Туре	Standard (A)			
Stroke (mm)	0–74 1			
For more information, see table on opposite page.	071.1			
Speed range (mm/s) @ Rhomb, no load, 20°C	0-24			
<b>Step length, full step (μm)</b> @ Delta, no load, 20°C	4.5			
Motor resolution, microstep (nm) 14 bits, 8192 microsteps	<1			
Built-in encoder	Yes, optical type with quadrature output (ABZ)			
	1.25 μm (encoder E1, guide G1)			
Encoder resolution (µm)	0.08 μm (encoder E2, guide G1) <sup>a</sup>			
Stall force (N)	6.5			
Holding force (N)	>6.5			
Recommended operating range (N)	0–3			
Operating voltage (V)	42-48			
Power consumption (mW/Hz)	5			
<b>Mechanical size L x H x D (mm)</b> with guides and encoder (1,25 μm encoder)	23.4 x 19.6 x 10.5			
<b>Mechanical size L x H x D (mm)</b> with guides and encoder (80 nm encoder)	23.4 x 19.6 x 10.5			
Mechanical size L x H x D (mm) without guides and encoder	17 x 19.6 x 7			
Weight (g)	16 (50 mm drive rod, with encoder and guide)			
Operating temperature (°C)	-20 to +70			
Compositor	Motor: Hirose DF52-5S-0.8H			
Connector	Encoder: Hirose DF52-6S-0.8H			
Material in motor housing	Stainless steel			

a. Note that the system needs to be guided in order to achive a system resolution down to 0.08 μm. Note: All specifications are subject to change without notice. For more information, see www.piezomotor.com.





Standard



# Stroke range

Stroke (mm) with one adapter	Drive rod length (mm)
0-3.1	30 (not available with encoder)
0-13.1	40
0-23.1	50
0-33.1	60
0-74.1	100.8

# Motor speed at 20°C, no load

Waveform	Max freq. (Hz)	Speed range (mm/s)	
Delta	2000	0–15	
Rhomb	3000	0-24	

## Connection







Motor performance with waveform Rhomb (filled) and waveform Delta (dotted). The full step length is the average distance the drive rod moves when the legs take one full step (i.e. for one waveform cycle).

Note: A standard deviation  $\sigma$  of 0.5  $\mu m$  should be taken into account. Typical values are given for 20°C.



Technical specification LT20					
Туре	Standard (A)	Non-magnetic (C)	Non-magnetic vacuum (D)		
<b>Stroke (mm)</b> For more information, see table on opposite page.	0-74.5				
<b>Speed range (mm/s)</b> @ Rhomb, no load, 20°C	0-24				
<b>Step length, full step (μm)</b> @ Delta, no load, 20°C		4.5			
Motor resolution, microstep (nm) 14 bits, 8192 microsteps		<1			
Built-in encoder	No				
Encoder resolution (µm)	N/A				
Stall force (N)	20				
Holding force (N)	>20				
Recommended operating range (N)		0-10			
Operating voltage (V)	42-48				
Power consumption (mW/Hz)		10			
Operating temperature (°C)	-20 to +70				
Mechanical size L x H x D (mm)	22 x 21 x 17.5				
Weight (g)	29 (with 50 mm drive rod)				
Vacuum (torr)	N/A	N/A	10 <sup>-7</sup>		
Connector	2 x JST BM05B-SRSS-TB	2 x JST BM05B-SRSS-TB	Soldered cable w. 2 x JST 05SR-3S		
Material in motor housing	Stainless steel	Non-magnetic	Non-magnetic		





LT2020A - Standard / C - Non-magnetic

LT2020D - Non-magnetic vacuum









# Stroke range

Stroke (mm) with one adapter	Drive rod length (mm)
0-3.5	30
0-13.5	40
0-23.5	50
0-33.5	60
0-74.5	100.8

# Motor speed at 20°C, no load

Phase 3

Phase 2

Phase 1

Waveform	Max freq. (Hz)	Speed range (mm/s)
Delta	2000	0–15
Rhomb	3000	0-24

# Connection







# • • • • • DELTA

Motor performance with waveform Rhomb (filled) and waveform Delta (dotted). The full step length is the average distance the drive rod moves when the legs take one full step (i.e. for one waveform cycle).

Note: A standard deviation  $\sigma$  of 0.5  $\mu$ m should be taken into account. Typical values are given for 20°C.



Technical specification LT40					
Туре	Standard (A)	Non-magnetic (C)	Non-magnetic vacuum (D)		
<b>Stroke (mm)</b> For more information, see table on opposite page.	0-67				
<b>Speed range (mm/s)</b> @ Rhomb, no load, 20°C	0-12				
<b>Step length, full step (μm)</b> @ Delta, no load, 20°C		5			
<b>Motor resolution, microstep (nm)</b> 14 bits, 8192 microsteps		<1			
Built-in encoder		No			
Encoder resolution (µm)		N/A			
Stall force (N)	40				
Holding force (N)	>40				
Recommended operating range (N)		0-20			
Operating voltage (V)	42-48				
Power consumption (mW/Hz)	20				
Operating temperature (°C)	-20 to +70				
Mechanical size L x H x D (mm)	32.1 x 24.2 x 23.1 (26.7 for LT4040)				
Weight (g)	61 (with 50 mm drive rod)				
Vacuum (torr)	N/A	N/A	10 <sup>-7</sup>		
Connector	JST BM05B-SRSS-TB	JST BM05B-SRSS-TB	Soldered cable w. 2 x JST 05SR-3S		
Material in motor housing	Stainless steel	Non-magnetic	Non-magnetic		





LT4050A / LT4050C - Standard and non-magnetic



# Stroke range

Stroke (mm) with one adapter	Drive rod length (mm)
0-6	40
0-16	50
0-26	60
0-67	100.8

# Motor speed at 20°C, no load

Phase 3

Phase 2

Phase 1

Waveform	Max freq. (Hz)	Speed range (mm/s)
Delta	1500	0–8
Rhomb		0-12

## Connection







•••• DELTA

Motor performance with waveform Rhomb (filled) and waveform Delta (dotted). The full step length is the average distance the drive rod moves when the legs take one full step (i.e. for one waveform cycle).

Note: A standard deviation  $\sigma$  of 0.5  $\mu m$  should be taken into account. Typical values are given for 20°C.





Technical specification LTC40		
Туре	Standard (A)	
Stroke (mm)	0.12	
For more information, see table on opposite page.	0-13	
<b>Speed range (mm/s)</b> @ Rhomb, no load, 20°C	0-12	
<b>Step length, full step (μm)</b> @ Delta, no load, 20°C	5	
<b>Motor resolution, microstep (nm)</b> 14 bits, 8192 microsteps, 20°C	<1	
Built-in encoder	No	
Encoder resolution (µm)	N/A	
Stall force (N)	40	
Holding force (N)	>40	
Recommended operating range (N)	0–20	
Operating voltage (V)	42-48	
Power consumption (mW/Hz)	20	
Operating temperature (°C)	-20 to +70	
Mechanical size L x H x D (mm)	65 x 29 x 29	
Weight (g)	175	
Vacuum (torr)	N/A	
Connector	Cable w. JST 05SR-3S or JST-SHR-05V-S	
Material in motor housing	Stainless steel	









# Stroke range

Stroke (mm)	Drive rod length
0-13	Fixed

# Motor speed at 20°C, no load

Waveform	Max freq. (Hz)	Speed range (mm/s)
Delta	1500	0–8
Rhomb	1500	0-12

# Connection



Phase 1 Yellow	
Phase 2 Green	
Phase 3 White	
Phase 4 Grey	
GND Black	





• • • • • DELTA

Motor performance with waveform Rhomb (filled) and waveform Delta (dotted). The full step length is the average distance the drive rod moves when the legs take one full step (i.e. for one waveform cycle).

Note: A standard deviation  $\sigma$  of 0.5  $\mu m$  should be taken into account. Typical values are given for 20°C.





Technical specification LTC300		
Туре	Vacuum (B)	
<b>Stroke (mm)</b> For more information, see table on opposite page.	0-20	
<b>Speed range (mm/s)</b> @ Rhomb, no load, 20°C	0-0.3	
<b>Step length, full step (μm)</b> @ Delta, no load, 20°C	4	
Motor resolution, microstep (nm) 14 bits, 8192 microsteps	<1	
Built-in encoder	No	
Encoder resolution (μm)	N/A	
Stall force (N)	300	
Holding force (N)	>300	
Recommended operating range (N)	0-150	
Operating voltage (V)	42-48	
Power consumption (mW/Hz)	200	
Mechanical size L x H x D (mm)	80 x 50 x 50	
Weight (g)	955	
Operating temperature (°C)	+10 to +70	
Vacuum (torr)	10-7	
Connector	Cable w. JST 05SR-3S	
Material in motor housing	Stainless steel	





LTC300 - Vacuum



# Stroke range

Stroke (mm)	Drive rod length
0-20	Fixed

# Motor speed at 20°C, no load

Waveform	Max freq. (Hz)	Speed range (mm/s)
Delta	50	0-0.2
Rhomb		0-0.3

## Connection







Motor performance with waveform Rhomb (filled) and waveform Delta (dotted). The full step length is the average distance the drive rod moves when the legs take one full step (i.e. for one waveform cycle).

**Note:** A standard deviation  $\sigma$  of 0.5  $\mu$ m should be taken into account. Typical values are given for 20°C.





Technical specification LTC450		
Туре	Vacuum (B)	
Stroke (mm)	0-20	
For more information, see table on opposite page.	0.20	
<b>Speed range (mm/s)</b> @ Rhomb, no load, 20°C	0-0.2	
<b>Step length, full step (μm)</b> @ Delta, no load, 20°C	4	
Motor resolution, microstep (nm) 14 bits, 8192 microsteps	<1	
Built-in encoder	No	
Encoder resolution (µm)	N/A	
Stall force (N)	450	
Holding force (N)	>450	
Recommended operating range (N)	0-225	
Operating voltage (V)	42-48	
Power consumption (mW/Hz)	300	
Mechanical size L x H x D (mm)	98 x 50 x 50	
Weight (g)	1060	
Operating temperature (°C)	+10 to +70	
Vacuum (torr)	10 <sup>-7</sup>	
Connector	Cable w. JST 05SR-3S	
Material in motor housing	Stainless steel	





LTC450 - Vacuum







# Stroke range

Stroke (mm)	Drive rod length
0-20	Fixed

# Motor speed at 20°C, no load

Waveform	Max freq. (Hz)	Speed range (mm/s)
Delta	50	0-0.15
Rhomb		0-0.2

## Connection







Motor performance with waveform Rhomb (filled) and waveform Delta (dotted). The full step length is the average distance the drive rod moves when the legs take one full step (i.e. for one waveform cycle).

Note: A standard deviation  $\sigma$  of 0.5  $\mu m$  should be taken into account. Typical values are given for 20°C.





Technical specification LS15					
Туре	Vacuum (B)	Non-magnetic vacuum (D)			
<b>Stroke (mm)</b> For more information, see table on opposite page.	0-130				
<b>Speed range (mm/s)</b> @ Rhomb, no load, 20°C	0-12				
<b>Step length, full step (μm)</b> @ Delta, no load, 20°C	2	1.5			
Motor resolution, microstep (nm)		<1			
Built-in encoder	1	No			
Encoder resolution (µm)	N/A				
Stall force (N)	15				
Holding force (N)	>15				
Recommended operating range (N)	C	)-8			
Operating voltage (V)	42	2-48			
Power consumption (mW/Hz)		7			
Mechanical size L x H x D (mm)	42 x 2	3.3 x 15			
Weight (g)	70 (withou	ut drive rod)			
Operating temperature (°C)	-20 t	to +70			
Vacuum (torr)	1	0-7			
Connector	Soldered cable w. JST 05SR-3S				
Material in motor housing	Stainless steel Non-magnetic				





LS15 - Vacuum



### Cables out this direction $\cap$ T O) 00000 23,3 17,6 + \* ++ 3,4 15 2xØ3.3 THRU ALL 4x M4 - 6H¥6 22 35 42

# Stroke range

Stroke (mm)	Drive rod length (mm)
0-20	40
0–30	50
0–40	60
0-80.8	100.8
0-130	150

# Motor speed at 20°C, no load

Waveform	Max freq. (Hz)	Speed range (mm/s)
Delta	1500	0-8
Rhomb	1500	0-12

## Connection





Motor performance with waveform Rhomb (filled) and waveform Delta (dotted). The full step length is the average distance the drive rod moves when the legs take one full step (i.e. for one waveform cycle).

Note: A standard deviation  $\sigma$  of 0.5  $\mu m$  should be taken into account. Typical values are given for 20°C.



# Rotary motors



		Max. torque (mNm)	Recommended working torque (mNm)	Speed range (°/s)	Built-in encoder versions	Vacuum compatible versions (10 <sup>-7</sup> Torr)	Non- magnetic versions
-	LR17 (A)	30	0-15	0-265 (0-44 rpm)	Yes	No	No
oto	LR23-50 (C/D)	50	0–25	0–160 (0–27 rpm)	Optional (C)	Yes	Yes
Σ	LR23-80 (A)	80	0-40	0–160 (0–27 rpm)	Optional	No	No

		Description
	Α	Standard
/pe	С	Non-magnetic
ŕ	D	Non-magnetic vacuum, soldered cables



Technical specification LR17				
Туре	Standard (A)			
Diameter (mm)	17			
Angular range (°)	360			
<b>Speed range (°/s)</b> @ Rhomb, no load, 20°C	0–265 (0-44 rpm)			
<b>Step angle, full step (μrad)</b> @ Delta, no load, 20°C	1000			
Motor resolution, microstep (μrad) 14 bits, 8192 microsteps	<0.1			
Built-in encoder	Yes			
Encoder type	Magnetic, absolute			
Encoder accuracy (mrad)	2.0			
Encoder resolution (mrad)	0.2			
Stall torque (mNm)	30			
Holding Torque (mNm)	>30			
Recommended operating range (mNm)	0-15			
Operating voltage (V)	42-48			
Power consumption (mW/Hz)	3.5			
<b>Shaft load, max. (N)</b> radial, 6.5 mm from mounting face	1			
Shaft load, max. (N) axial	2			
Shaft press fit force, max. (N)	5			
Weight (g)	30			
Operating temperature (°C)	-20 to +70			
Connector	CviLux CI1116M-2VD0			
Material in motor housing	Aluminium, stainless steel			





LR17 - Standard



### Connection



### **Encoder information**

The LR17 has an integrated magnetic absolute encoder. It gives 15bit SSI data. SCK (Sensor Clock) and SDA (Sensor Data) are normally at high level (idle). When receiving a clock pulse from the controller, the LR17 will respond with position data. The SCK frequency should be 70-180 kHz. Data should be read shortly before the positive flank. The time-out between positive flanks is 20-30 µs. The output data is 15 bits (msb first), followed by a stop bit. If SCK continues beyond the stop bit, there will be a second stop bit followed by repeated 15-bit data and a stop bit. A minimum of 120 µs is needed after position readout to make sure that position data is refreshed. Reading position every 0.5 ms is the maximum recommended rate for continuous operation.

- a. 1st clock pulse, SDA stays idle until positive flank.
- b. 2nd clock pulse, SDA output is bit1 (msb).
- c. 16th clock pulse, SDA output is bit15 (lsb).





Motor performance with waveform Rhomb (filled) and waveform Delta (dotted). The full step angle is the average distance the drive disc rotates when the legs take one full step (i.e. for one waveform cycle).

**Note:** A standard deviation  $\sigma$  of 0.1 mrad should be taken into account. Typical values are given for 20°C.

### Motor speed at 20°C, no load

Waveform	Max freq. (Hz)	Speed range	
Delta	2000	0-28 rpm (0-170°/s)	
Rhomb	3000	0–44 rpm (0–265°/s)	





Technical specification LR23-50						
Туре	Non- magnetic (C)	Non- magnetic (C), extended shaft	Non- magnetic (C), encoder	Non- magnetic vacuum (D)	Non- magnetic vacuum (D), ext. shaft	
Diameter (mm)	23					
Angular range (°)			360			
<b>Speed range (°/s)</b> @ Rhomb, no load, 20°C			0–160 (0–27 rpm)			
<b>Step angle, full step (μrad)</b> @ Delta, no load, 20°C			550			
Motor resolution, microstep (μrad) 14 bits, 8192 microsteps			<0.1			
Built-in encoder	No	No	Yes	No	No	
Encoder type	N/A N/A		Optical quadrature	N/A	N/A	
Encoder resolution (mrad)	N/A	N/A	0.4	N/A	N/A	
Stall torque (mNm)			50			
Holding Torque (mNm)			>50			
Recommended operating range (mNm)			0-25			
Operating voltage (V)			42-48			
Power consumption (mW/Hz)			7			
Shaft load, max. (N) radial, 6,5 mm from mounting surface			5			
<b>Shaft load, max. (N)</b> axial			2			
Shaft press fit force, max. (N)			5			
Weight (g)	65	68	80	65	70	
Operating temperature (°C)			-20 to +70			
Connector	JST BM05B- SRSS-TB	JST BM05B- SRSS-TB	Cable attached, driver- dependent	Soldered cable w. JST 05SR-3S	Soldered cable w. JST 05SR-3S	
Material in motor housing	Non-magnetic					





LR23-50



# LR23-50 mNm product portfolio

- with encoder
- without encoder
- without encoder and with extended shaft

The LR23-50 replaces the previous model LR50.

# Motor speed at 20°C, no load

Waveform	Max freq. (Hz)	Speed range	
Delta	2000	0–19 rpm (0–114°/s)	
Rhomb	3000	0-27 rpm (0-160°/s)	

# Connection



### **Motor performance** 1 0.9 FULL STEP ANGLE (mrad) 0,8 0,7 0,6 0,5 •••• 0,4 0,3 0,2 0,1 0 10 20 30 40 50 EXTERNAL TORQUE (mNm)

RHOMB

Motor performance with waveform Rhomb (filled) and waveform Delta (dotted). The full step angle is the average distance the drive disc rotates when the legs take one full step (i.e. for one waveform cycle).

**Note:** A standard deviation  $\sigma$  of 0.1 mrad should be taken into account. Typical values are given for 20°C.





Technical specification LR23-80					
Туре	Standard (A)	Standard (A), extended shaft	Standard (A), encoder		
Diameter (mm)	23				
Angular range (°)		360			
<b>Speed range (°/s)</b> @ Rhomb, no load, 20°C		0–160 (0–27 rpm)			
<b>Step angle, full step (μrad)</b> @ Delta, no load, 20°C		550			
<b>Motor resolution, microstep (μrad)</b> 14 bits, 8192 microsteps	<0.1				
Built-in encoder	No	No	Yes		
Encoder type	N/A	N/A	Optical quadrature		
Encoder resolution (mrad)	N/A N/A		0.4		
Stall torque (mNm)	80				
Holding Torque (mNm)	>80				
Recommended operating range (mNm)		0-40			
Operating voltage (V)		42-48			
Power consumption (mW/Hz)		7			
<b>Shaft load, max. (N)</b> radial, 6,5 mm from mounting surface		3			
<b>Shaft load, max. (N)</b> axial		2			
Shaft press fit force, max. (N)		5			
Weight (g)	65	68	80		
Operating temperature (°C)		-20 to +70			
Connector	JST BM05B-SRSS-TB JST BM05B-SRSS-TB Cable attached, drive dependent				
Material in motor housing	Stainless steel				





LR23-80







Positioning of the cables against the holes may vary.





Without encoder, with extended shaft

# LR23-80 mNm product portfolio

with encoder

Ъ,

- without encoder
- without encoder and with extended shaft

The 80 mNm version is made in stainless steel.

The LR23-80 replaces the previous model LR80.

# Motor speed at 20°C, no load

Waveform	Max freq. (Hz)	Speed range	
Delta	2000	0–19 rpm (0–114°/s)	
Rhomb	3000	0–27 rpm (0–160°/s)	

### 0,9 FULL STEP ANGLE (mrad) 0,8 0,7 0,6 0,5 0,4 0,3 0,2 0,1 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 EXTERNAL TORQUE (mNm) RHOMB • • • • • DELTA

Motor performance with waveform Rhomb (filled) and waveform Delta (dotted). The full step angle is the average distance the drive disc rotates when the legs take one full step (i.e. for one waveform cycle).

**Note:** A standard deviation  $\sigma$  of 0.1 mrad should be taken into account. Typical values are given for 20°C.

# Motor performance



# Controllers

PiezoMotor offers different controllers to customers, and a license agreement for customers who want to incorporate the electronics into their own system. The controller range includes a fully enclosed standalone controller, a smaller controller board and a more complex motion controller. All controllers can function in both open and closed loop. With the motion controller, you can set not only speed and position but also time from A to B.

For detailed information for each controller, see separate datasheet. Note that the speed capacity for each combination of controller and motor differs, so make sure to check the performance matrix below.

### Performance matrix

			Controller					
			PME	0301	PMI	0401	DMC-	30019
			Delta	Rhomb	Delta	Rhomb	Delta	Rhomb
	11.04	Hz	2500		1500		2500	
	LLUO	(mm/s)	12.5	20	7.5	12	12.5	20
	1720	Hz	25	2500		750		500
	LIZU	(mm/s)	12.5	20	3.8	6	12.5	20
	1740	Hz	15	500	3	50	15	500
	LI4V	(mm/s)	8	12	2	3	8	12
	LTC40 Hz (m	Hz	1500		350		1500	
		(mm/s)	8	12	2	3	8	12
to	LTC300 Hz (mm/s)	Hz	50		NI/A		5	50
Ĕ		(mm/s)	0.2	0.3	IN/A		0.2	0.3
	170450	Hz	50		NI/A		5	50
	LIC4JU	(mm/s)	0.15	0.2	IN/A		0.15	0.2
	1515	Hz	1500		1000		1000	
	LJIJ	(mm/s)	8	12	5.3	8	5	7.5
	1017	Hz	25	500	1000		25	500
		Rpm	24	36	10	15	24	36
	1 0 2 2	Hz	25	500	10	000	25	500
	LK23	Rpm	24	36	10	15	24	36





Technical specification PMD301					
Туре	Value	Note			
Number of axes	1				
Multi-axis support	Yes	Units can be RS485-chained for multi-axis			
True speed control	No	Only stepping rate controlled			
Resolution	8192 microsteps	Each full step of about 5 µm is divided into 8192 steps			
Maximum stepping rate (Full step frequency - Hz)	2500	Depends on motor			
	Quadrature	ABZ differential, 20 MHz counting			
Supported opendary	SSI	8-30 bits, 750 or 130 kbps			
Supported encoders	BiSS	18/26/32 bits, 750 kbps			
	Analog	Analog ±10 V (12 bits)			
Host communication	Two-wire RS485	Commands are sent in ASCII format, 115.2 kbps			
nost communication	USB (virtual COM port)	(n81)			
Serva interface	SPI	16 bits (signed), max 20 Mbps			
Servo Interface	Analog	Analog interface ±10 V (12 bits, 5 kHz)			
General I/O	4 in	Depending on encoder type and use of limit			
Generaliyo	2 out	switches			
Stacking connector	N/A				
Motor connector	5-pole, JST SM05B-SRSS-TB	Two connectors, parallel connection			
Encoder/servo connector	15-pin HD female D-sub	Input for sensors or motion controller			
Limit switch	Yes	Input for external limit switches			
Communication connector	3.5 mm audio jack x 2	RS485, daisy chain			
communication connector	USB mini type B	Input for USB virtual COM port			
Power connector	2-pole header, 2.54 mm, Molex 70543-0001	Input for 48 V supply			
Power supply	48 V DC, 20 W	48 V DC ±5%			
Dimensions (mm)	123 x 78 x 35				







## **Product description**

The PMD301 is a 1-axis controller for use with Piezo LEGS® motors from PiezoMotor. Units can be chained to form multi-axis systems.

It provides sub-nanometer resolution and speed in the mm/s range. PMD301 is the ideal choice for system designs where one or several Piezo LEGS® motors are used.

Host communication is either via a 2-wire RS485 or USB virtual COM port through ASCII commands. A 15-pole D-Sub port can be configured for general I/O, sensor input or as a motion controller interface. An external motion controller may control the speed via SPI or analog voltage interface.

### **Features**

- Sub-nanometer resolution
- Closed loop control
- Open loop mode
- Chained RS485 for multi-axis
- Closed loop controller taking commands from host via RS485 or USB
- Slave amplifier to external motion controller analog or SPI interface
- Chain units to form multi-axis system
- General-purpose inputs/outputs maximum 4 in and 2 out





Technical specification PMD401					
Туре	Value	Note			
Number of axes	1				
Multi-axis support	Yes	Units can be RS485-chained for multi-axis			
True speed control	No	Only stepping rate controlled			
Resolution	8192 microsteps	Each full step of about 5 μm is divided into 8192 steps			
Maximum stepping rate (Full step frequency - Hz)	1500	Depends on motor			
	Quadrature	ABZ, 20 MHz counting			
Supported encoders	SSI	8-30 bits, 330 or 130 kbps			
	BiSS	18/26/32 bits, 330 kbps			
Host communication	Two-wire RS485	Commands are sent in ASCII format, 115.2 kbp (n81)			
Servo interface	SPI	16 bits (signed), max 15 Mbps			
General I/O	4 in	Depending on encoder type and use of limit			
General I/O	3 out	switches			
Stacking connector	6-pole, ERNI MicroStac 114711	GND, 48 V, RS485			
Motor connector	5-pole, JST SM05B-SRSS-TB	Two connectors, parallel connection			
Encoder/servo connector	6-pole, JST SM06B-SRSS-TB	Input for sensors or SPI servo interface			
Limit switch	Yes	Input for external limit switches			
Communication connector	3-pole, JST SM03B-SRSS-TB	Input for RS485, or use stacking connector			
Power connector	2-pole, JST SM02B-SRSS-TB	Input for 48 V supply, or use stacking connector			
Power supply	48 V DC, 5 W	48 V DC ±5%			
Dimensions (mm)	59 x 39 x 9.2				

a. Power and communication can be provided through either a stacking connector or through power/communication connectors. Note: All specifications are subject to change without notice. For more information, see www.piezomotor.com.





**Note:** The connector board used for stacking has the dimensions  $59 \times 62,6 \times 18,5$  mm (the same with one attached PMD401 controller card).

## **Product description**

The PMD401 is a fully featured miniature controller for open loop and closed loop operation that can be easily stacked to form a multi-axis controller system.

It can be connected to the customer's mainboard for integration in OEM applications. Host communication is done via 2-wire RS485 through ASCII commands. The PMD401 can also be used as a servo amplifier where the external controller regulates the speed via an SPI interface.

A breakout board with terminal blocks for easy access to power and communication is offered optionally for customers who want to get application development started straight away. It provides sub-nanometer resolution and speed in the mm/s range.

### Features

- Sub-nanometer resolution
- Closed loop control
- Open loop mode
- Stackable boards for multi-axis
- Small form factor
- Slave amplifier to external motion controller via SPI interface (servo mode)
- General-purpose inputs/outputs maximum 4 in and 3 out
- General-purpose inputs/outputs maximum 4 in and 3 out

# DMC-30019



Technical specification DMC-30019					
Туре	Value	Note			
Number of axes	1				
Multi-axis support	No	Daisy-chain Ethernet			
True speed control	Yes	By encoder feedback			
Resolution	8192 microsteps	Each full step of about 5 µm is divided into 8192 steps			
Maximum stepping rate (Full step frequency - Hz)	2500	Depends on motor			
	Quadrature	ABZ differential, 15 MHz counting			
Commente d'an ac dans	SSI	0-31 bits, 370-2000 kbps			
Supported encoders	BiSS	0-38 bits, 370-2000 kbps			
	Analog	Analog ±10 V (12 bits)			
Hest communication	Two Ethernet 10/100 ports	Daisy-chain Ethernet - no external hub required			
Host communication	One RS232 port	Commands are sent in ASCII or binary format, up to 115 kbps			
Servo interface	N/A				
	8 isolated inputs				
General I/O	4 isolated outputs				
General I/O	2 analog inputs	0-5 V, 12-bit ADC			
	1 uncommitted analog output	±10 V, 16-bit DAC			
Stacking connector	N/A				
Motor connector	2 separate 5-pole JST and 1 Molex				
	15-pole D-sub HD Female (Sensor)	2 connectore parallel connections			
Encoder/servo connector	44-pole D-sub HD Female (I/O)	5 connectors, parallel connections			
Limit switch	Yes	Input for external limit switches			
Communication connector	9-pole D-sub	RS232			
Communication connector	RJ45 (2x)	Ethernet			
Power connector	2-pole header, 2.54 mm, Molex 70543-0001	Input for 48 V supply			
Power supply	48 V DC, 20 W	48 V DC ±5%			
Dimensions (mm)	99 x 127 x 37				







**Note:** All specifications are subject to change without notice. For more information, see www.piezomotor.com.

# **Product description**

The DMC-30019 is a single-axis motion controller with a motor amplifier for use with Piezo LEGS® motors from PiezoMotor. The unit is built on the DMC-30000 Pocket Motion Controller Series, which is the latest generation single-axis motion controllers from Galil Motion Control, Inc. The controller is assembled by PiezoMotor.

The motion controller operates stand-alone or can be networked to a PC via Ethernet. Like all Galil motion controllers, these controllers use a simple, English-like command language which makes them very easy to program. PiezoTools software further simplifies the system set-up with real-time display of position and velocity information.

## Features

- Compact enclosure.
- Ethernet supports multiple masters and slaves. TCP/IP, UDP and Modbus TCP master protocol for communication with I/O devices.
- PID compensation with velocity and acceleration feed forward, integration limits, notch filter and low-pass filter, offset adjustments, and velocity smoothing to minimize jerks.
- Non-volatile memory for programs, variables and arrays. Concurrent execution of four programs.

# **Modes of motion**

- Jogging
- Position tracking
- Point-to-point positioning
- Contouring
- PVT
- Electronic gearing
- Electronic cam
- Teach and playback

# **Uncommitted inputs / outputs**

- 8 isolated inputs
- 4 isolated outputs
- 2 analog inputs; 0-5 V, 12-bit ADC
- 1 uncommitted analog output ±10 V, 16-bit DAC

# **Dedicated inputs**

- Main encoder inputs: channel A, A-, B, B-, I, I- (±12 V or TTL)
- Forward and reverse limit inputs isolated
- Home input isolated



# Accessories



# Cable matrix

		Controller						
		PME	0301	PMD401		DMC-30019		
		Motor cable	Encoder cable	Motor cable	Encoder cable	Motor cable Encoder cab		
	LLO6	CK6292	CK6295	СК6292	СК6293	CK6292	СК6296	
	LT20 (A/C)	СК6272, СК6274	N/A	СК6272, СК6274	N/A	СК6272, СК6274	N/A	
	LT20 (D)	Cable attached	N/A	Cable attached	N/A	Cable attached	N/A	
	LT40 (A/C)	CK6261	N/A	CK6261	N/A	CK6261	N/A	
	LT40 (D)	Cable attached	N/A	Cable attached	N/A	Cable attached	N/A	
F	LTC40	Cable attached	N/A	Cable attached	N/A	Cable attached N/A		
oto	LTC300	Cable attached	N/A	N/A	N/A	Cable attached N/A		
Σ	LTC450	Cable attached	N/A	N/A	N/A	Cable attached N/A		
	LS15 (B/D)	Cable attached	N/A	Cable attached	N/A	Cable attached N/A		
	LR17 (A)	CK6256		СК6254		CK6257		
	LR23 (A/C)	CK6261	N/A	CK6261	N/A	CK6261 N/A		
	LR23 (A/C) encoder	Cable attached		Cable attached		Cable attached		
	LR23 (D)	Cable attached	N/A	Cable attached	N/A	Cable attached N/A		

Cables				
Art. no	Description			
CK6254-05/15	Motor and encoder cable for PMD401, CviLux-JST			
CK6255-05	Motor and encoder cable for PMD101, CviLux-JST			
CK6256-05/15	Motor and encoder cable for PMD301, CviLux-D9			
CK6257-05/15	Motor and encoder cable for DMC30019, DMC-30019, CviLux-D15HD			
CK6261-05/15	Motor cable, JST-JST			
CK6263-05	Motor cable, JST-D9			
CK6272-05/15	Motor cables, dual JST-JST			
CK6273-05	Motor cable, dual JST to connector board, JST-D9			
CK6274-15	Motor cable, Y-cable for LT20, 2 x JST-JST (only 1,5 m)			
CK6292-05	Motor cable, Hirose-JST			
CK6293-05	Encoder cable, Hirose-JST			
CK6295-05	Encoder cable, Hirose-D15HD			
CK6296-05	Encoder cable, Hirose-D15HD (Galil)			

**Note:** The ending of the acticle number of the cables specifies the length, 0.5 or 1.5 m.

# Starter kit





# **PiezoMotor Starter kit**

With the Starter kit you can easily get started with Piezo LEGS<sup>®</sup>. With the free PiezoMotor DriveLab application, you can run the motor in closed loop and with controlled position from a built-in encoder.

The Starter kit is delivered with a PMD401 controller and a linear or rotary motor (LL06, LT20, LT40, LR17 or LR23). It's a fully featured miniature connector board for open loop and closed loop operation that can be easily stacked to form a multi-axis controller system. It can be connected to the customer's mainboard for integration in OEM applications. The PMD401 provides a resolution of up to 8192 microsteps, which means a positioning resolution in the sub-nanometer range. Host communication is done via 2-wire RS485 through ASCII commands.

The Starter kit is delivered with power supply for all regions and a USB (RS85) connection to a Windows computer running DriveLab. Download Piezo DriveLab from the PiezoMotor official website.

Note that each motor will have a specific maximum speed and step length, depending on the controller.

Content	Art. no
PMD401 controller	PMD401-01B
Connector board	CB-PMD401
Power supply 48 V (with 4 regional adapters)	105787-HK-ALL
USB-to-RS485 converter	107401

**Note:** Make sure to order a suitable motor and matching cables for PMD401.





# **PiezoMotor DriveLab**

PiezoMotor DriveLab is a LabVIEW application designed to help you get started with our Piezo LEGS® motors. It is easy to get started with this software.

DriveLab lets you:

- Run the motor in jog mode or closed loop mode.
- Read out the position from the encoder and set encoder limits.
- Run the motor in various speeds and change the waveform via the controller to optimize speed or precision.
- Import and export scripts from the software.

🕞 PiezoMotor DriveLab	– 🗆 X	
File Commands Getting started Comm	nands Settings Help About	
Control Script		
	I	
Settings	Manual Motor Control	
Axis Frequency	Backward Dr Forward	
Parked	Stop motor	
Send/Rea	d Command	
X1M2	Send/Read	
Reset Sendlist Delete Cmd Save to Script		
X1M2		
Encoder Reading Counts mm Axis 1 0 0	Stop all Motors	

# Nomenclature

# **LL06**

<u>LL 06 A 0 - 000 M1 X0 X</u>	K
EGS Linear	
Stall force       06 = 6 N	
Motor type A = Standard	
Version 0	
Drive rod (standard length) <sup>a</sup> $030 = 30 \text{ mm}$ $060 = 60 \text{ mm}$ $040 = 40 \text{ mm}$ $101 = 100.8 \text{ mm}$ $050 = 50 \text{ mm}$ $050 = 50 \text{ mm}$	
Mechanical adapter M1 = One adapter – front	
Guides G0 = Without guides G1 = With guides	
<b>Encoder<sup>b</sup> – only available with guides</b> E0 = Without encoder E1 = 1.25 μm incremental optical encoder with index	

E2 = 80 nm incremental optical encoder with index

- a. Other lengths are made on request at an extra charge (between 30 and 100.8 mm)
- b. Encoder not available with 30 mm drive rod

# **LT20**



# Connector/cable

 $A00 = 2 \times JST$  connector, no cable (motor type A and C) B10 = 1.0 m Teflon flying wires PTFE AWG28 (motor type D)

- a. Other lengths are made on request at an extra charge (between 30 and 100.8 mm)
- b. Extra charge for two adapters

# **LT40**



- a. Other lengths are made on request at an extra charge (between 30 and 100.8 mm)
- b. Extra charge for two adapters

# LTC40/300/450

0	LTC 00(0) - 00 X 00 (E1) X00
	Family name       LEGS Linear Twin Cover
	Stall force           40 = 40 N           300 = 300 N           450 = 450 N
	Stroke length           13 = 13 mm           20 = 20 mm
	Motor type A = SS/Standard B = SSV/Stainless steel vacuum (not for 40 N)
	Version 11 = LTC300/LTC450 22 = Shaft with round tip (LTC40) 23 = Shaft with threaded hole M2.5 (LTC40)
	Encoder (only for LTC40) E1 = Encoder (not released product)
	Connector/cable B10 = 1.0 m Teflon flying wires PTFE AWG28 with JST connector (included in motor type B) E04/E14 = 0.4 or 1.4 m cable connector for PMD301 (JST 5P)

F04/F14 = 0.4 or 1.4 m cable connector for PMD401

G04/G14 = 0.4 or 1.4 m cable connector for DMC-30019 Galil

H04/H14 = 0.4 or 1.4 m cable connector for PMD206 (discontinued product)

LTC40 without encoder and cable E04 or E14 will also connect to PMD301, PMD401 and DMC-30019 (Galil).

# **LR17**

# **LR23**

	<u>LR 1</u>	7 -	030	21	<u>E1</u>	0
Family name						
LEGS Rotary						
Diameter						
17 = 17 mm						
Stall torque						
030 = 30 mNm						
Motor type						
A = SS/Standard						
Version						
21						
Encoder						
E1 = Magnetic 15-	bit SSI er	ncode	r			

### Connector/cable

A00 = Connector, no cable

LR 23 - 000 X 0X X0 X00	
Family name	
LEGS Rotary	
Diameter	
23 = 23 mm	
Stall torque	
$\overline{050} = 50 \text{ mNm}$ (only for motor type $\overline{C} \& D$ )	
080 = 80 mNm (only for motor type A)	
Motor type	
A = SS/Standard	
C = NM/Non-magnetic	
D = NMV/Non-magnetic vacuum	
Version	
1A = Standard shaft	

2A = Extended shaft (mandatory for E1)

### Encoder

- E0 = No encoder (mandatory for motor type D)
- E1 = Encoder (extended shaft mandatory)

### Connector/cable

- A00 = No cable (not an option for motors with encoder)

B10 = 1.0 m Teflon flying wires PTFE AWG28 (attached in motor type D) E05/E15 = 0.5 or 1.5 m cable connector for PMD301<sup>a</sup> F05/F15 = 0.5 or 1.5 m cable connector for PMD401<sup>a</sup> G05/G15 = 0.5 or 1.5 m cable connector for DMC-30019 Galil<sup>a</sup>

a. Mandatory for motors with encoder, E1

# Phased-out products - not for new design

# LL10



# Connector/cable

A00 = JST connector, no cable (motor type A) B10 = 1.0 m Teflon flying wires PTFE AWG28 (motor type D)

# LR50/80



A00 = JST connector, no cable (motor type A) B10 = 1.0 m Teflon flying wires PTFE AWG28 (motor type B and D)

# Glossary

# Accuracy

The closeness of a measured value to its true value. An example would be how close an arrow gets to the bullseye center.

# Full step

Sometimes also referred to as waveform step. The step taken for one full waveform period. The step size depends on the load and the temperature. A typical load dependence curve is given for each motor.

# Holding force / Holding torque

The force / torque that the motor can hold without slippage.

# Microstep

An incremental step within the full wfm-step. The size of the microstep will give the resolution of the motor. For a linear motor, the microstep can be on a subnanometer scale.

# Precision

The closeness of two or more measurement values to each other. Also known as repeatability.

# **Recommended operating range**

The range of external load recommended for best microstepping performance and life time. The motor can handle higher loads, but the microstep linearity is impaired.

# Resolution

The piezo actuator legs are analog components which bend to move the drive rod or to rotate the drive disc. The resolution depends on the number of microsteps per waveform cycle.

# Self-locking

Full holding force at power off/power loss.

# Stall force / Stall torque

The load at which the motor no loner gives linear motion or rotates.

# Step angle

Rotary motion, angular displacement for full step in a load dependence curve. In the technical specification tables, the value is also given for a single microstep.

# Step length

Linear travel specified for full steps in a load dependence curve. In the technical specification tables, the value is also given for a single microstep.

# Waveform

The shape and form of the electrical signal which controls the Piezo LEGS<sup>®</sup>. Waveform Rhomb and Delta are commonly used, and will give different behavior in terms of speed, microstepping performance etc.










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